

University of California at San Diego – Department of Physics – Prof. John McGreevy  
**Physics 220 Symmetries Fall 2024**  
**Assignment 8**

Due 11:59pm Thursday, November 21, 2024

1. **Brain-warmers.**

- (a) **BCH practice.** Suppose that  $[A, B] = \text{ad}_A(B) = \alpha B$ . Find an expression for  $\log(e^{-A}e^{A+B})$ .
- (b) Show that the *adjoint* representation matrices

$$(T^A)_{BC} \equiv -\mathbf{i}f_{ABC}$$

furnish a  $\dim \mathbf{G}$ -dimensional representation of the Lie algebra

$$[T^A, T^B] = \mathbf{i}f_{ABC}T^C \ .$$

Hint: commutators satisfy the Jacobi identity

$$[A, [B, C]] + [B, [C, A]] + [C, [A, B]] = 0.$$

- (c) Show that if  $(T_A)_{ij}$  are generators of a Lie algebra in some unitary representation  $R$ , then so are  $-(T_A)_{ij}^*$ . Convince yourselves that these are the generators of the complex conjugate representation  $\bar{R}$ .
2.  $\mathfrak{so}(4)$ .  
Show that  $\mathfrak{so}(4) = \mathfrak{so}(3) \oplus \mathfrak{so}(3)$ .
3. **The rest of the Lie algebra in Cartan-Weyl form.**
- (a) Use the Jacobi identity to show that  $[[E_\alpha, E_\beta]]$  has weight  $\alpha + \beta$ , and hence  $[E_\alpha, E_\beta] = NE_{\alpha+\beta}$  for some constant  $N$ .
- (b) Can you conclude from this that if  $\alpha$  is a root,  $2\alpha$  is not a root?