University of California at San Diego - Department of Physics - Prof. John McGreevy Physics 239/139 Spring 2018
Assignment 1

Due 12:30pm Monday, April 9, 2018

## 1. Too many numbers.

Find the number of qbits the dimension of whose Hilbert space is the number of atoms in the Earth. (It's not very many.) Now imagining diagonalizing a Hamiltonian acting on this space.

## 2. Warmup for the next problem.

Parametrize the general pure state of a qbit in terms of two real angles. A good way to do this is to find the eigenstates of

$$
\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{n} \equiv \check{n} \cdot \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{\sigma}} \equiv n_{x} \mathbf{X}+n_{y} \mathbf{Y}+n_{z} \mathbf{Z}
$$

where $\check{n}$ is a unit vector.
Compute the expectation values of $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Z}$ in this state, as a function of the angles $\theta, \varphi$.
3. Mean field theory is product states.

Consider a spin system on a lattice. More specifically, consider the transverse field Ising model:

$$
\mathbf{H}=-J\left(\sum_{\langle x, y\rangle} Z_{x} Z_{y}+g \sum_{x} X_{x}\right) .
$$

Consider the mean field state:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left|\psi_{\mathrm{MF}}\right\rangle=\otimes_{x}\left(\sum_{s_{x} \pm} \psi_{s_{x}}\left|s_{x}\right\rangle\right) . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Restrict to the case where the state of each spin is the same.
Write the variational energy for the mean field state, i.e. compute the expectation value of $\mathbf{H}$ in the state $\left|\psi_{\mathrm{MF}}\right\rangle, E(\theta, \varphi) \equiv\left\langle\psi_{\mathrm{MF}}\right| \mathbf{H}\left|\psi_{\mathrm{MF}}\right\rangle$.
Assuming $s_{x}$ is independent of $x$, minimize $E(\theta, \varphi)$ for each value of the dimensionless parameter $g$. Find the groundstate magnetization $\langle\psi| Z_{x}|\psi\rangle$ in this approximation, as a function of $g$.

