University of California at San Diego – Department of Physics – Prof. John McGreevy

## Physics 239 Topology from Physics Winter 2021 Assignment 7

## Due 5pm Friday February 26, 2021

Thanks in advance for following the guidelines on hw01. Please ask me by email if you have any trouble.

## 1. Cohomology ring.

The wedge product  $A \wedge B$  introduces a product structure on the cohomology of a manifold  $\mathcal{M}$ , *i.e.*  $H^{\bullet}_{\text{de Rham}}(\mathcal{M})$  is actually a ring, not just an abelian group. Show that this product is well-defined in the sense that  $[A] \wedge [B] = [A \wedge B]$ .

2. **Pullback on forms.** Check that the pullback operation on forms commutes with the exterior derivative, and so is a chain map on de Rham complexes.

## 3. Kunneth formula.

Consider a manifold  $\mathcal{M} = X \times Y$  defined as a Cartesian product of two others. That is, a point in  $\mathcal{M}$  can be labelled as (x, y), with  $x \in X$  and  $y \in Y$ .

(a) Show that the de Rham complex on  $\mathcal{M}$  is

$$\Omega^{p}(\mathcal{M}) = \bigoplus_{k=0}^{n} \Omega^{k}(X) \otimes \Omega^{p-k}(Y)$$

where  $n = \dim \mathcal{M} = \dim X + \dim Y$ , with the coboundary operator  $d = d_X \otimes 1_Y \pm 1_X \otimes d_Y$ . Fix the sign. (Note that this operation defines the product of complexes  $\Omega^{\bullet}(X \times Y) = \Omega^{\bullet}(X) \otimes \Omega^{\bullet}(Y)$ .)

(b) Relate the Betti numbers of  $\mathcal{M}$  to those of X and Y.